

# Crescent Goldens

[www.Crescentgoldens.com](http://www.Crescentgoldens.com)

## Toxic Plants and Foods

This list contains plants that have been reported as having systemic effects on animals and/or intense effects on the gastrointestinal tract.

Please go to the following link to receive a free ASPCA Animal Poison Control Center magnet. It is a great way to keep their toll-free emergency number and website address handy in case of an emergency.

[http://www.asPCA.org/site/PageServer?pagename=pro\\_apcc\\_magnet](http://www.asPCA.org/site/PageServer?pagename=pro_apcc_magnet)

Aloe	Daffodil
Amaryllis	Day Lily
Andromeda Japonica	Devil's Ivy
Asian Lily (Liliaceae)	Dumb Cane
Asparagus Fern	Deadly Nightshade
Australian Nut	Easter Lily
Autumn Crocus	Elephant Ears
Avocado	Emerald Feather (aka Emerald Fern)
Azalea	English Ivy
Bird of Paradise	Fiddle-Lear Philodendron
American Bittersweet	Flamingo Plant
European Bittersweet	Florida Beauty
Branching Ivy	Foxglove
Buckeye	Fruit Salad Plant
Buddist Pine	Glacier Ivy
Caladium	Gladiolas
Calla Lily	Glory Lily
Castor Bean	Gold Dieffenbachia
Ceriman (aka Cutleaf Philodendron)	Gold Dust Dracaena
Charming Dieffenbachia	Golden Pothos
Chinaberry Tree	Green Gold Nephthysis
Chinese Evergreen	Hahn's Self Branching English Ivy
Christmas Rose	Heartleaf Philodendron
Clematis	Heavenly Bamboo
Cordatum	Holly
Corn Plant (aka Cornstalk Plant)	Horsehead Philodendron
Cornstalk Plant (aka Corn Plant)	Hurricane Plane
Cutleaf Philodendron (aka Ceriman)	Hyacinth
Cycads	Hydrangea
Cyclamen	Iris

## **Toxic Food and Plants Continued**

Japanese Show Lily	Red Emerald
Japanese Yew (aka yew)	Red Lily
Jerusalem Cherry	Red-Margined Dracaena
Kalanchoe	Red Princess
Lace Fern	Rhododendron
Lacy Tree	Ribbon Plant
Lily of the Valley	Rubrum Lily
Macadamia Nut	Saddle Leaf Philodendron
Madagascar Dragon Tree	Sago Palm
Marble Queen	Satin Pothos
Marijuana	Schefflera
Mauna Loa Peace Lily	Spotted Dumb Cane
Mexican Breadfruit	Stargazer Lily
Mistletoe "American"	Striped Dracaena
Morning Glory	Sweetheart Ivy
Mother-in-Law	Swiss Cheese Plant
Narcissus	Taro Vine
Needlepoint Ivy	Tiger Lily
Nephtytis	Tomato Plant
Nightshade	Tree Philodendron
Oleander	Tropic Snow Dumbcane
Onion	Tulip
Orange Day Lily	Variable Dracaena
Panda	Wood Lily
Peace Lily	Yesterday, Today, Tomorrow
Philodendron Pertusum	Yew (aka Japanese Yew)
Plumosa Fern	Yucca
Precatory Bean	
Queensland, Nut	

### **Foods to Avoid Feeding Your Pet**

Alcoholic beverages  
Avocado  
Chocolate (all forms)  
Coffee (all forms)  
Fatty foods  
Macadamia nuts  
Moldy or spoiled foods  
Onions, onion powder  
Raisins and grapes  
Salt  
Yeast dough  
Garlic  
Products sweetened with xylitol

### **Warm Weather Hazards**

Animal toxins—toads, insects, spiders, snakes & scorpions  
Blue-green algae in ponds  
Citronella candles  
Cocoa mulch  
Compost piles Fertilizers  
Flea products  
Outdoor plants and plant bulbs  
Swimming-pool treatment supplies  
Fly baits containing methomyl  
Slug and snail baits containing metaldehyde

### **Human Medications**

Pain killers  
Cold medicines  
Anti-cancer drugs  
Antidepressants  
Human Vitamins  
Diet Pills

### **Common Household Hazards**

Fabric softener sheets  
Mothballs  
Post-1982 pennies (due to high concentration of zinc)

### **Cold Weather Hazards**

Antifreeze  
Liquid potpourri  
Ice melting products (there are pet safe products)  
Rat and mouse bait

### **Holiday Hazards**

Christmas tree water  
Electrical cords  
Ribbons, Tinsel, Glass Ornaments  
Batteries

### **Non-toxic Substances for Dogs and Cats**

The following substances are considered to be non-toxic, although they may cause mild gastrointestinal upset in some animals:

Water-based paints  
Toilet bowl water  
Silica gel  
Poinsettia  
Cat litter  
Glue traps  
Glow jewelry

### **What to do if your pet is poisoned**

Don't panic. Rapid response is important, but panicking can interfere with the process of helping your pet.

Take 30 to 60 seconds to safely collect and have at hand any material involved. This may be of great benefit to your vet and/or APCC toxicologists, as they determine what poison or poisons are involved. In the event that you need to take your pet to a local veterinarian, be sure to take the product's container with you. Also, collect in a sealable plastic bag any material your pet may have vomited or chewed.

If you witness your pet consuming material that you suspect might be toxic, do not hesitate to seek emergency assistance, even if you do not notice any adverse effects. Sometimes, even if poisoned, an animal may appear normal for several hours or for days after the incident.

**Call the ASPCA Animal Poison Control Center:** The telephone number is (888) 426-4435. There is a \$55 consultation fee for this service.

Be ready with the following information: the species/breed/age/sex/weight and number of animals involved, the animal's symptoms, information regarding the exposure, including the agent (if known), the amount of the agent involved and the time elapsed since the time of exposure. Have the product container/packaging available for reference.

**Please note: If your animal is having seizures, losing consciousness, is unconscious or is having difficulty breathing, telephone ahead and bring your pet immediately to your local veterinarian or emergency veterinary clinic. If necessary, he or she may call the APCC.**